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SATURDAY, AUGUST 13, 1904.

The Times-Dispatch takes the full Associated Press Service, the London Times Service and the Hearst News Service.

General News Service and has its own correspondents throughout Virginia and North Carolina and in the leading cities of the country.

If you go to the mountains, seashore or country, have The Times-Dispatch go with you.

City subscribers before leaving the city during the summer should notify their carrier or this office (Phone 38).

If you write, give both out-of-town and city addresses.

Party Harmony.

Elsewhere in to-day's paper we reproduce an editorial article from the Blackstone Courier in reply to some remarks of ours on the subject of party harmony.

We thank our contemporary for its generous treatment, and take this occasion to give assurance once more, if such assurance be needed, that The Times-Dispatch has no disposition to throw firebrands, nor to create any sort of disturbance in the party, but, on the contrary, desires in all becoming ways to promote harmony and good fellowship and party enthusiasm.

In mentioning the other day that others had spoken more harshly of us than we of them, we did not mean to assume any virtue nor to claim for The Times-Dispatch any peculiar magnanimity.

We meant simply to point out that there were two sides to the question, and to make our critics had not been more reprehensible than the conduct of our critics toward us. We are all human beings, and we all have the weaknesses of the flesh.

It is hard to be amiable toward others when others are unamiable toward you.

But we do claim this much for The Times-Dispatch: It has done nothing in a spiteful spirit nor in a spirit of animosity or revenge. It has no animosity against Democrats. There is in it no spirit of vengeance, and the criticism it has indulged have been in the interest of fact and in the interest of true Democracy, as we understand it. But now that Democrats are united; now that they have a platform upon which they can all comfortably stand together; now that they have a candidate around whom they can rally, there is no further occasion for criticism. We have as much respect for Democrats who conscientiously disagree with us on the silver question as we have for conscientious Democrats who thought as we thought. We respect an honest man who has an honest conviction and who has the courage to stand for that conviction, no matter whether he agrees with us or not. We concede to Democrats who honestly advocated free silver the same sincerity that we claim for ourselves in advocating the gold standard. We have absolutely no quarrel with them upon that score, and it is to us a source of profound gratification that that dividing issue has been removed and that we are able again to stand shoulder to shoulder with all the Democrats of Virginia and to fight with them in this campaign against Republican imperialism and in behalf of Jeffersonian Democracy.

Let us have peace among ourselves. Let us train our guns upon the enemy only.

Are We Going Backward?

It is said that the "radical Democrats" of New York are getting things in shape to flock with the Populists, and that immediately following the official notification of Thomas E. Watson and Thomas M. Tibbles at Cooper Union on the night of August 13th, petitions will be circulated in all the counties of the State to nominate a full set of electors and a State ticket.

The Populist party is necessary as an overflow party, as an asylum for the radicals. There are many people in this country who believe in socialism, or to be more exact, communism. They believe in a strong centralized government, which shall not confine itself to the simple functions of government which Democracy contends for, but for government ownership and operation of transportation lines, telegraph lines and of the large industries of the land. They are opposed to individualism. They believe in herding all the people together and letting them work together for their common benefit.

under the guidance and direction of the centralized powers, "each contributing according to his capacity, and each receiving according to his necessities." It is an old doctrine and it is a catchy doctrine, and it is not surprising that it should have a considerable number of adherents.

There are many thoughtful men who believe that this sentiment will grow, and that the radical party will grow until it becomes a formidable party—until it becomes one of the great national parties of the United States. We do not concur in that view. The principle of individual liberty is too well established in the hearts of our body politic for communism to prevail to any great extent. There will always be two great national parties and there will always be a third party of smaller proportions. But we have sufficient confidence in the conservatism, common sense and independence of the American public to believe that each of the two great parties will be a conservative party, whose chief tenet will be individualism. It is true that the Republican party, as led by Mr. Roosevelt, is inclined toward imperialism, and if it had no check it would eventually be a monarchial party. But the Republican party must always reckon with the Democracy, and the Democracy is the great governing force in the United States, whether it be in the majority or in the minority. As such it will keep the Republican party on its good behavior and keep it within reasonable bounds. These two parties, under one name or another, will, in all human probability, control the politics of the United States, and one or the other will control the government.

To concede that there will be in the near future a Socialistic party of radicals, equal in numerical strength to either of the two great parties now in existence, is to concede that true Americanism is on the wane, and there is no sign of the times, so far as we can see it, to indicate such deterioration. On the contrary, it seems to us that the principles of true Americanism are stronger than ever they were, and that they are rapidly spreading into other lands.

But the time has come for Democracy to assert itself. The republic needs another term of Democratic rule, and Parker is the man to elect.

The Filipinos.

Secretary of War William H. Taft addressed a large audience at Chautauqua, N. Y., on Thursday evening on "Our Duty in the Philippines." Secretary Taft understands the situation well, and what he says on the subject is entitled to respectful consideration, although he gave his address a somewhat partisan turn.

Speaking of the great body of the Filipinos, who are to be distinguished from the educated members of the community, and whose number he estimates at ninety per cent. of the whole population, he said that they were so separated from modern civilization that they might easily be influenced by any one of their people of wealth and education. He spoke hopefully of this class, but said that their failure to identify themselves with the government as part of it and as responsible for its proper administration, rendered the great body of Filipinos at present unfit for complete self-government and the introduction of jury trial. He urged that education is necessary and that the Filipinos must be taught governmental responsibility and made to understand that public offices must be administered for the benefit of the people.

"And this lesson of public responsibility," he continued, "which a man must have either as a citizen or as a public officer among people well fit for self-government is a lesson which the wealthy and the educated class among the Filipinos have yet to learn. They are learning it by actual experience in taking part in self-government, but it requires a considerable period."

There is no dispute on this general principle, which applies as well in America as it does in the Philippine Islands. Self-government on the part of any people implies self-control and an intelligent conception of the principles of government on the part of the individuals who constitute the body politic. Hence it is that in this country we are all the time preaching that universal suffrage demands universal education.

We have no idea that the Filipinos are yet ready for self-government. They must be educated, and Democrats are willing to admit it. But how are they to be educated? Are they to be instructed in the art of government as Democracy interprets it? Are they to be honestly instructed with a view to self-government, or are they to be instructed in the Republican way as colonists and dependents, who must look to the government for their care and maintenance? Are we to educate them as a nation of Democrats or as a nation of serfs? Democracy answers one way and imperialism the other.

Disorderly Conventions.

The Baltimore Sun calls attention to the defects in our national conventions, referring especially to the great convention that prevailed in the Democratic convention recently in session at St. Louis. The Sun truthfully says that at that convention speaker after speaker was ordered by the galleries to sit down, and if they refused a tumult was raised so that their voices were drowned.

That is a conservative statement of the situation. The fact is that the convention proper was never permitted to deliberate upon any question that came before it. When the Illinois contest came up the convention heard Mr. Bryan, but the galleries refused to hear any of the speakers on the other side, and made such a demonstration that the members of the convention could not hear. When the platform was read nobody except those on the stand and immediately around it could hear anything that Senator Daniel said, and the convention was compelled to vote upon the platform without having heard it read. To this case, however, it is to be presumed that the delegates were already familiar with its various provisions. There was no such thing as a deliberation. The mob was in complete control and treated the convention with the utmost contempt.

The sure remedy for this defect would

be to have the convention in a small hall which would seat only the delegates and a few others whose presence was necessary. But such a convention would not be a national Democratic convention, as we are accustomed to them. The absence of the crowd would make it a very tame affair. Moreover, the city which entertains the convention and pays the cost depends very largely upon the admission receipts to reimburse itself for the outlay.

It is a difficult question to handle, but all thoughtful men who attended the St. Louis convention came away with the conviction that before another presidential campaign some steps should be taken to control the spectators, so that the proceedings of the convention may be in order.

A Disgusted Mayor.

Mayor Cutchin, of Roanoke, Va., is quoted as having said in a recent interview that if present conditions continue no gentleman can or will be Mayor of Roanoke. He expressed himself as being tired out and almost ready to resign. He said that he had given his time, his attention and his very best efforts to the city for two years, but that his political opponents had made his position as unpleasant as possible; that the Council had continually fought him in everything he had attempted to do in the interest of the city.

We know nothing about the conditions in Roanoke, but if the situation is as Mayor Cutchin describes it, it is most unfortunate. There should be perfect harmony and co-operation between the executive and the legislative departments of a city. As well may we expect a business corporation to succeed with the president and board of directors at logger-heads and continually fighting one another, as to expect the affairs of a municipality to prosper with a perpetual contest between the mayor and the council. Roanoke is one of the most prosperous and progressive cities in the State and as matter of business it should have a municipal government whose various departments are in harmony and co-operation.

The Times-Dispatch is not content with the recognition which the lexicographers give to its pet word "tote," and is now trying to trace its origin to a Latin source. After awhile, perhaps, our learned friends will be trying to give its verbal favorite a classical genealogy in the family of words—Index-Appell.

It was a contributor who told that skilful. Like the Sunday sermons, of which our contemporary accuses us every now and then, the dissertation on toto was "selected."

Good printing conveys an idea of success. We may never see the man himself. It's his stationery. The man is sized up by that.—Buchanan Banner.

Quite so. We know every Virginia editor by his paper. A man's work is the expression of his character.

Ever try a Potter cocktail?—Washington Post.

No, but Mr. Roosevelt has tried a Parker punch, and it didn't agree with him at all.

With a little judicious advertising, Farmville would become a summer resort of note.—Farmville Herald.

What about that new bell you have discovered? How far is it from the summer resort?

The sign "Boy Wanted," which has so long hung out at the Czar's Palace, has been taken down, the vacancy having been filled. Congratulations.

We would remark to the Bedford Bulletin that the tone of The Times-Dispatch towards the weekly papers of Virginia is at least polite.

We have been puzzling over the word Esopus, and have just discovered that it is only an every day word spelt backwards.

Half Hour With Virginia Editors.

Local Option at Lexington.

Speaking of the criticisms of Bishop Potter, the Lexington Gazette says:

Persons who have given thought to this subject recognize the fact that local option as at present enforced in many places has not proven to be the ideal preventive measure. In every community where adopted it must be reinforced by strong public sentiment. In Lexington, for instance, where we have nominal local option, it is believed that liquor is sold in a number of places, notwithstanding the vigilance of our officers and temperance workers.

The Way to Win.

We are now a reunited Democracy and it is up to every Democrat, be he for gold or silver, to do all in his might to crown with success Judge Parker's election.—Suffolk Herald.

Richmond Loafers.

During a recent visit to Richmond we were impressed with the fact that idle loafers had about appropriated the Capitol Square to themselves. There is quick and efficient way of breaking up the nuisance. Enforce the vagrant law of the State.—Farmville Herald.

Enforce the vagrant law? You ought to attend a session of Crutchfield's court.

The Pious Grumbler.

The person, whether he be a merchant, professional man or laborer, who gets too good for the community, ought either to make the community better or move out. We have no sympathy with the man or woman who is eternally finding fault with the town, and condemns every effort which is made for its growth and improvement.—Southside Sentinel.

Help!

Fels-Naptha is the greatest

help that has come to woman

since soap itself. At grocers.

Fels-Naptha Philadelphia

TO PROTECT SEA BIRDS

More Game Wardens to Be Appointed on the Coast.

CHANGES AT THE UNIVERSITY

Farmers' Alliance Demurs to the Use of State Convicts Except for Working Public Roads.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

RALEIGH, N. C., August 12.—Professor P. Gillett Pearson, of the State Normal and Industrial College, Greensboro, spent the morning here as secretary of the North Carolina Audubon Society in conference with Dr. Lewis, president of the society, and left this afternoon for the coast, especially the islands on the North Carolina coast, where the sea birds breed.

He goes to confer with game wardens for the more rigid enforcement of the law.

The plan is to within the next few weeks appoint a number of additional wardens.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the University of North Carolina, Raleigh, that E. M. Arnold, of High Point, had bestowed a \$5,000 endowment on the library of English philology. The committee decided that there will be no successor elected for Dr. Baskerville until next February, the department of chemistry being in the meantime under the immediate direction of President Venable. Dr. Baskerville goes to the faculty of the College of New York City.

FARMERS' VIEWS.

The State Farmers' Alliance at their annual meeting just closed at Hillsboro, adopted a resolution declaring against the use of convicts for agriculture except for the raising of food supplies for the convicts, and insisting that all State convicts should be worked in the improvement of the public roads.

The alliance calls on all farmers to see to it that the law requiring that agriculture be taught in the public schools of the country, is observed. The educational campaign as carried on by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, was heartily endorsed.

A letter from George Washington to the Governor and Council of North Carolina, bearing date of June 29, 1788, has just been brought to light in the archives of the Secretary of State. It is in reply to an address from the Governor and his Council on matters of politics. And in concluding the letter, General Washington said:

"A difference of opinion on political points is not to be imputed to freemen as a fault, since it is to be presumed that they are all actuated by an equally laudable and sacred regard for the liberties of their country."

NEW CHARTERS.

A charter was issued this morning for the Dunn Mercantile Company, of Dunn, Harnett county. The capital is \$25,000, authorized and \$15,000 subscribed by H. E. and W. R. Newberry, of Magnolia, and J. L. Southall, of Dunn.

Sheriff Summers is here to-day to deliver the penitentiary Robin McDonald, colored, to serve fifteen years for burglary in the second degree. He was brought from Iredell county.

GLENN FOR DEFENSE.

Murmuring Because He is Counsel in Revenue Fraud Cases.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

GREENSBORO, N. C., August 12.—Captain R. B. Glenn has been retained as counsel for the defense in the indictments now pending in the United States Court against C. R. Starbuck, King, Mebane and other revenue officers, for defrauding the government.

These men are deputy collectors, guards etc., and at the recent term of the court in Charlotte Starbuck and King were indicted, Mebane's case having been pending some time.

There were some murmurings of surprise here when it was first heard in these cases, because of the fact that he was the Democratic candidate for Governor on a platform denouncing graft and fraud in government departments, as administered under the Republican administration, but it has been elicited with the best authority that Captain Glenn was retained by Mr. Starbuck to appear for him immediately after the indictment was found against him at Charlotte in April or May, and antedating his nomination for Governor.

ATLANTIC AND N. C.

If Leased Will Be Asked for a Deep Water Terminus.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

ASHVILLE, N. C., August 12.—Mr. R. B. Howland, General Davidson and Governor Aycock, at the end of which a bid for the lease of the road between Asheville and the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad, September 21, to consider the proposition to lease the road.

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Social and Personal

The flower of Virtue is the heart's content.

And fame is Virtue's fruit that she doth bear.

And Virtue's vase is fair without and fair within.

And Virtue's mirror brooks no stain.

And Virtue, by her names, is sage and saint.

And Virtue hath a steadfast front and clear.

And low is Virtue's constant minister.

And Virtue's gift of gifts is pure descent.

And Virtue dwells with knowledge, and therein.

Her cherished home of rest is real love.

And Virtue's strength is in a suffering will.

And Virtue's work is life exempt from sin.

With arms that aid, and in the sum thereof.

All Virtue is to render good for ill.

—Translated by D. G. Rossetti.

Miss Gresham Hostess.

The Mantapke correspondent of the Urbanna Southern Sentinel has the following item which will be read with interest in Richmond:

"On last Thursday night Miss Hattie P. Gresham gave a hay ride in honor of her guest, Miss Ethel Stratton McCurdy, of Richmond, to 'Pleasant Dealings,' where Miss Allen Dew conducted the camp meeting."

Those who went were Misses Gillespie, Misses Washington, Todd, Gresham, Fleet, Taylor, McCurdy, and Messrs. Gresham, Taylor, Hall, Lipscomb, McGeorge, Bird and Beane. Those who were there from other localities were Miss Gresham, Mr. Todd, Mrs. Washington, Mr. Brown and a few others. Games were played and a very merry party was given.

Miss Gresham and Mr. Taylor won first prize, and Mr. Ball and Miss Mary Fleet booby. Much merriment was caused when it was found that the young lady who received first prize had to make a leap-year proposal to her partner and the young man who received the booby had to propose to the lady. Elaborate and delicious refreshments were served, and all returned home, reporting a fine time."

Braze-Lewis.

Mrs. Joseph Perkins, of White Hall, Albemarle county, has issued invitations to the wedding of her daughter, Miss Jane Lewis, to Mr. Eugene Braze, of Colorado. The event will take place on Wednesday morning, August 16th, at 9 o'clock, at the residence of the bride's mother.

Loudoun Camp Meeting.

The Rev. Dr. W. V. Tudor and the Rev. Dr. J. William Jones, of the city, will attend the Loudoun camp meeting to-day and continue until August 23d.

Tuesday, August 16th, will be old soldiers' day at the meeting and Dr. Jones will deliver then his famous lectures on the characters of General Stonewall Jackson and General Robert E. Lee.

Amherst House Party.

A house party at the "Rectory," Amherst, Va., will remain for the day at the town numbers in its list. Miss Laura Willis, of New Glasgow; Miss Laura Radford, of Lynchburg; Miss Florence Tait, and Miss Fay Kane, of "Spring Garden"; Miss Frances Chambers, and Louise Cabell, of Amherst.

Exposition State Houses.

A Richmond woman, now at the Louisville Purchase Exposition, of State buildings; said to the different State buildings: "In my opinion the New York building is the finest, and next to that comes that of Indiana. The Ohio house is very pretty but not so elegant. I was much disappointed in the Virginia building, which, if furnished completely with rugs, might be much more complete and handsome."

"And the foreign buildings, Germany, with a color scheme in Parsifal blue, takes the lead. The rugs in the reception room of the German house of blue, had a border of cream with a wide white and gold. The color idea, pre- white and gold. The color idea, pre- valued also in the bed rooms, but the furniture here was massive in shape and of a grayish shade of unpolished wood. The dining room was in green, the heavy green chairs having mottled leather seats and the sideboard to match the wood and being built in the walls. The walls, being built in mottled green wood half way up, had a ledge on which were displayed beautiful specimens of German ware, decorated stiel and other articles of use and beauty."

"Passing through an equally handsome smoking room, kitchen and library, the colon comes to the German lace display. The lace shown are as fine as a cobweb in bridal veils and every beautiful thing that a woman could desire. A peculiarity of the German lace point is that the roses seem to be more prominent than in other make."

Personal Mention.

Miss Norma Gibson is the guest of Miss Grace Hubbard at New Hill, near Farmville, Va. Other Richmond visitors now being entertained in Farmville are Mrs. Lillian Fitzgerald, who is staying with Mrs. Florida Fitzgerald, and Miss Gentry, who is with her sister, Mrs. A. G. Nelson.

Mr. William du Pont and family, the owners of Montpelier, in Orange county, the former home of President Washington, are spending the summer in Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Shaw and son, Miss Aycock, and Mrs. Oakley James, have returned from a visit to Mrs. A. J. Walcott, of Hampton, Va.

The Rev. R. T. Wilson and family are spending the summer at the Wilsons' country home in Dinwiddie county.

Miss Emily Virginia, Townes, of Petersburg, Va., who has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. William P. Adkins, in Charleston, S. C., and having a delightful time there, has returned home.

Miss Hattie Hill, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Hill, is the guest of A. C. Hill and Mrs. John Lamb.

Miss Mary and Miss Penelope Gordon, of West Albemarle, are visiting relatives in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Wingfield are at home, after a pleasant visit to Virginia Beach, and to their mother at Hanover courthouse.

Miss Jessie Moss is a guest in the family of Mr. E. T. Allison, of Accomack, Va.

The Farmville Herald, of Friday says: The Misses Watson of Richmond and the Misses Watson of Farmville, gave a pleasant entertainment to the ladies of Farmville at the home of Mrs. D. Bailey on last Monday evening.

Miss Mattie Haden, who has been spending some time in Hanover with friends is now visiting relatives in Richmond.

Mr. Holmes Conrad, Jr., formerly of Winchester, Va., but now in New York city, is ill with appendicitis in Winchester Memorial Hospital.

Miss Mary E. Fryer and Master Evan R. Chelmerman, who have been visiting at "White Hall," in Albemarle county, Mrs. Samuel Compson, of Glendon, in Albemarle, Mrs. Tompkins's old home.

Mrs. Richard Evelyn Byrd and Miss Eleanor Conrad, of Winchester, both well known in Richmond, will be the guests of Mr. and

AUGUST 13TH IN WORLD'S HISTORY

1415. Henry V., of England, sailed for the conquest of France with a fleet of about 1,300 vessels, and landed his force at Harfleur on the second day following, consisting of 24,000 foot and 6,500 cavalry.

1482. Sixtus IV. (Francis Albeola), Pope, died. He was the son of a fisherman at Geneva, became professor of divinity at Padua, and rose by degrees to the papal chair.

1521. Cortez retook the city of Mexico, assisted by 10,000 Tlascalans, and an innumerable host of other Indian allies from the neighboring nations, whom he had attached to his services. It was not, however, till after seventy-five days of fierce and almost daily fighting that he accomplished his victory.

1587. Manteo, a friendly Indian, who had been to England, was baptized, according to a previous order of Sir Walter Raleigh, and in reward of his faithful service to the English, was called Lord of Roanoke and Desamonguepeuk.